

APPLICATION
FOR
UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

APPLICANT(S) NAME: Carol DeGaudio
James D. Hilbrands
James A. Martin, Jr.
William M. Houston

TITLE: WORKSTATION MANAGEMENT TOOL

DOCKET NO. END920010070US1

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION

Certificate of Mailing Under 37 CFR 1.10

I hereby certify that, on the date shown below, this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service in an envelope addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C., 20231 as "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee".

"Express Mail" Label Number EL598672523US

On 01/07/02

June M. Mitchell

Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Correspondence

June M. Mitchell
Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence

1/7/02
Date

WORKSTATION MANAGEMENT TOOL

TECHNICAL FIELD

5 The invention relates to systems and processes for managing computer workstations in an organization or business. More particularly the invention relates to the planning, allocation, assignment, provision, replacement, disposal, and financial recording of such computer workstations.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 Within the information technology services industry, providing workstations to the employees in a client business, is an important service from a financial and customer satisfaction perspective. Employees typically will want the newest most powerful hardware in order to perform their tasks as easily and quickly as possible. These tend to be very expensive and rapidly depreciate in value. Company managers focus on controlling cost, albeit consistent with good productivity, and therefore limit
15 spending on such hardware to what is the minimum needed for employees to get their jobs done. A service provider attempts to use skills, experience, and tools to manage the total workstation requirements over a period of time to optimize the entire
20 process. The development of improved and innovative tools to perform such workstation management would therefore constitute a significant contribution to the art.

Storch et al. in U.S. Patent 5,920,846 describe a system and method for handling telecommunication line service for customers. Although their system includes a capability for processing information indicating whether line conditioning termination equipment is installed at the customer premise, it is primarily directed to dispatching a line technician to a customer premise in response to a request for telecommunication line service provided by a telecommunication company. U.S. Patent 5,920,846 is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

OBJECTS AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is therefore a principal object of the present invention to enhance the information technology service providing art by providing an enhanced tool for managing the lifecycle of workstations.

It is another object to provide such a tool wherein enhanced workstation management capabilities are possible.

It is a further object to provide a method of lifecycle management for workstations with novel capabilities.

It is yet another object to provide a computer program product for instructing a processor to manage lifecycles of workstations.

These and other objects are attained in accordance with one embodiment of the invention wherein there is provided an integrated lifecycle management tool for workstations, comprising, a customer account manager application for defining financial relationships of owners of the workstations, a workstation planning and deployment manager application for defining capital plans for the workstations, a client information manager application for maintaining information about the owners of the workstations and for entering deployment information of workstations to owners, and an asset information manager application for maintaining capital asset information for the workstations, and for receiving updates from the client information manager application.

In accordance with another embodiment of the invention there is provided a method of lifecycle management of workstations, the method comprising the steps of, defining financial relationships of owners of the workstations, defining capital plans for the workstations, maintaining information including deployment information about the owners of the workstations, and maintaining capital asset information for the workstations, including receiving updates based on the deployment information.

In accordance with another embodiment of the invention there is provided a computer system for managing lifecycles of workstations, the system comprising, means for defining financial relationships of owners of the workstations, means for defining capital plans for the workstations, means for maintaining information including deployment information about the owners of the workstations, and means for maintaining capital asset information for the workstations, including receiving updates based on the deployment information.

In yet another embodiment of the invention there is provided a computer program product for instructing a processor to manage lifecycles of workstations, the computer program product comprising, a compute readable medium, first program instruction means for defining financial relationships of owners of the workstations, second program instruction means for defining capital plans for the workstations, third program instruction means for maintaining information including deployment information about the owners of the workstations, and fourth program instruction means for maintaining capital asset information for the workstations, including receiving updates based on the deployment information, and wherein all the program instruction means are recorded on the medium.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 shows process steps in workstation management;

FIG. 2 illustrates a functional block diagram of the tasks performed at various process steps;

5 FIG. 3 shows elements of a tool for managing workstations;
and

FIG. 4 relates process steps and elements of a workstation management tool.

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

10 For a better understanding of the present invention,
together with other and further objects, advantages and
capabilities thereof, reference is made to the following
disclosure and the appended claims in connection with the above-
described drawings.

The workstation lifecycle management method of the present invention depicted in FIG. 1 is preferably implemented on a server computer system accessible by information technology service providing employees. However any type of computer system

5 may be used including a plurality of processors of any type whether mainframe, personal computers, portables, laptops, or other. In step 10 a capital plan is developed. Inputs to the capital plan include a resource plan describing the number and type of client employees needing workstation service support.

10 The resource plan typically covers a period of time such as one or several years broken down by quarter, month or some other period of time for which the client or service provider makes business decisions on capital releases. The resource plan may include new hires (for which a workstation will be needed at or
15 shortly after the hiring date), departures, transfers, temporary workers, and supplemental employees as well as permanent employees assigned to various business units and locations within the client organization.

1004040307
The capital plan of step 10 also includes inputs of an existing inventory of workstations which may include hardware type e.g. processor, display, printer, or scanner, the hardware age and book value. A standard offering configuration may be defined. An upgrade percentage may be specified for existing workstations. From the above inputs, a forecast of workstations and capital requirements is calculated for each period of time for capital releases typically quarterly. The forecast is submitted to a finance organization and to a business unit information executive (BIE) for approval. The BIE or a representative designated by the BIE may also allocate workstations to a particular group or to individual employees in a respective business unit.

Capital funds are therefore released as approved and in step 11 workstations are ordered. Workstations herein is taken to mean any hardware or software items provided to a client employee as part of an information technology service for the client. The workstations may be a complete system, a single element e.g. processor only, or a feature of an element such as additional memory or a larger hard drive or a new version of a software application. The workstation may be a desktop, laptop, portable, palm device, or any other type of information technology product. If a standard offering configuration is defined above, then workstations will be ordered configured with this standard offering (also referred to as a standard image) in step 11.

In step 12, individuals are selected, if not already designated by the BIE, to receive the workstations ordered in step 11. The ordered workstations are received in step 13. Receipt may be at a central distribution center, receiving area, or any suitable location. In step 14 the workstations are shipped to the individuals selected in step 12 above.

When the workstation is a processor, applications unique to the business unit of the selected individual (BIE applications) are added to the workstation in step 15. The new hardware is also deployed, and installed in step 15 and the old hardware is removed.

The old workstation hardware is retired from service (disposed as unusable) in step 16 or else it is recycled and redeployed (cascaded to the next person who will receive it) in step 17. Records of all the above actions are kept using a customer account manager application, a workstation planning and deployment manager application, a client information manager application and an asset information manager application which interact and when taken together comprise an integrated lifecycle management tool for workstations as described below.

A functional block diagram showing tasks which may be performed at various process steps is illustrated in FIG. 2. Formation of capital plan 21 may include identifying workstation requirements. The workstations may be a personal computer (PC) and the identification may be made to cover any period of time, typically annually. The capital requirements to acquire workstations are then calculated and a capital plan presented to a finance organization for approval.

A capital request 22 is then periodically, e.g. quarterly, submitted for approval. The capital request may include a forecast of rolling hardware. A forecast of rolling hardware is taken to mean a forecast for a current period e.g. quarter and a forecast for a next sequential period e.g. next quarter. However, the approval is requested only for the current period. A subsequent approval will normally be requested at a later time for the next sequential period, however at that time a new forecast for the next sequential period which may be different than the original forecast above, will be provided. A forecast of the second next sequential period will also be provided at that time but the requested approval request will be for only the first sequential period. Upon approval, the hardware is ordered and tracked.

Ordered hardware is received and added to inventory 23. It is then shipped to individuals located at various sites. Deployment 24 is scheduled. BIE applications are added as needed and the hardware is installed for the selected individuals. Old hardware is removed and appropriate asset transfer records are made.

A cascade/disposal process 25 determines whether the old workstation is usable by another individual and if so it is redeployed to the next scheduled person. If not usable, then arrangements are made and record changes made to dispose as unusable.

In FIG. 3 there is shown an integrated lifecycle management tool for workstations in accordance with the present invention. Customer account manager application 31 comprises software for defining financial relationships of owners of workstations. For example, the business unit or department to which an individual owner belongs may be defined. Which information technology representative handles that owner may also be defined. Which finance group or which BIE approves capital requests for that individual owner may be defined.

Customer account manager application 31 is coupled to workstation planning and deployment manager application 32. Capital plans for workstations are defined as described above using workstation planning and deployment manager application 32 which by necessity accesses the financial relationships defined in customer account manager application 31, or receives updates from customer account manager application 31.

Client information manager (CIM) 33 maintains information about owners of workstations such as the owner's name and location of the workstation. CIM is also adapted to accept entry of deployment information of workstations to owners. Both owner information and deployment information is shared with workstation planning and deployment manager 32 in order to facilitate formulation of capital plans.

Asset information manager application (AIM) 34 maintains detailed capital asset information for the workstations such as serial numbers and book values. AIM is also adapted to receive deployment updates on capital assets as they occur from CIM. AIM may also provide asset information updates to CIM. Other applications may also be used separately or in concert with elements 31, 32, 33, and 34 without departing from the present invention.

In FIG. 4 there is shown further detail on which process steps of the present invention are handled by the applications shown in FIG. 3. For example, workstation planning and deployment manager application 32 is used to provide the shipping of workstation step 14. CIM 33 is used for both fulfillment and redeployment 17 activities. AIM 34 is used in the deployment and old system removal step 15.

While there have been shown and described what are at present considered the preferred embodiments of the invention, it will be obvious to those skilled in the art that various changes and modifications may be made therein without departing from the scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.